

Rail Grade DC-DC Power Supply

5.0-48V 120W **Quarter-brick** 34-160V 200V 3000Vdc REINFORCED DC-DC Converter **Continuous Input Transient Input Outputs Max Power Insulation**



Protection Features

- ► Input under-voltage lockout
- Output current limit and short circuit protection
- ► Active back bias limit
- ► Output over-voltage protection
- ► Thermal shutdown

Control Features

- ► On/Off control referenced to input side
- ▶ Remote sense for the output voltage
- ➤ Output voltage trim range of -20%, +10%

Operational Features

- ► High efficiency, 90% at full rated load current
- ▶ Delivers full power with conductive cooling
- ▶ Operating input voltage range: 34-160V
- Fixed frequency switching provides predictable EMI
- No minimum load requirement
- ► Meets requirements of standard EN 50155

Mechanical Features

- ► Industry standard Quarter-brick pin-out configuration
- ► Size: 2.386" x 1.536" x 0.500" (60.60 x 39.01 x 12.70 mm)
- ► Weight: 2.9 oz. (84 g)
- ► Flanged baseplate version available



The RailQor® quarter-brick converter series is composed next-generation, board-mountable, (REINFORCED), fixed switching frequency dc-dc converters that use synchronous rectification to achieve extremely high power conversion efficiency, even at low output power levels. Each module is supplied completely encased to provide protection from the harsh environments seen in many industrial and transportation applications.

Safety Features

PENDING

- ► Input-to-output isolation 3000V
- ► UL 60950-1
- ► CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1
- ► EN 60950-1
- ► EN45545-2 R24/R25 Compliant
- CE Marked
- ► RoHS compliant (see last page)

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RQ90 Family Electrical Characteristics (all output voltages)

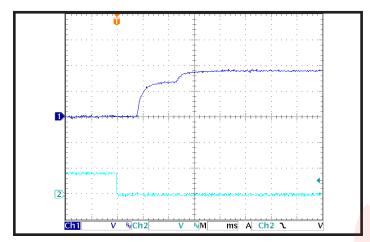
Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 90Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-----------|-------------------|-------|----------|---|
| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS | | | | | |
| Input Voltage | | | | | |
| Non-Operating | -1 | | 200 | V | Continuous |
| Operating | | | 160 | V | Continuous |
| Operating Transient Protection | | | 200 | V | 1 s |
| Isolation Voltage | | | | | Reinforced insulation, IEC 60950-1 |
| Input to Output | | | 3000 | Vdc | |
| Input to Base-Plate | | | 3000 | Vdc | |
| Output to Base-Plate | | | 3000 | Vdc | |
| Operating Temperature | -40 | | 100 | °C | Baseplate temperature |
| Storage Temperature | -45 | | 125 | °C | |
| /oltage at ON/OFF input pin | -2 | | 18 | V | |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Operating Input Voltage Range | 34 | 90 | 160 | V | |
| input Under-Voltage Lockout | | | | | |
| Turn-On Voltage Threshold | 31.3 | 32.6 | 33.9 | V | |
| Turn-Off Voltage Threshold | 28.4 | 29.8 | 31.1 | V | |
| Lockout Voltage Hysteresis | | 2.8 | 02.12 | V | |
| Input Over-Voltage Shutdown | | 2.10 | | V | Not Available |
| Recommended External Input Capacitance | | 100 | | μF | Typical ESR 0.1-0.2 Ω ; see Note 2 |
| nput Filter Component Values (L\C) | | 4.7\2.33 | | μΗ\μF | Internal values; see Figure D |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | 1.7 (2.33 | | μιτιμι | internal values, see rigare b |
| Furn-On Transient | | | | | |
| Turn-On Time | | 9 | | ms | Full load, Vout=90% nom. |
| Start-Up Inhibit Time | 180 | 200 | 220 | ms | See Figure E |
| Output Voltage Overshoot | 100 | 0 | 220 | % | Maximum Output Capacitance |
| ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS | | | | 70 | Maximum Output Capacitance |
| solation Voltage (dielectric strength) | | | | | See Absolute Maximum Ratings |
| solation Resistance | | 100 | | ΜΩ | See Absolute Maximum Ratings |
| isolation Resistance (input to output) | | 1000 | | pF | See Note 1 |
| TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATION | AC CURVES | | | μ | See Note 1 |
| Semiconductor Junction Temperature | TO CORVES | | 125 | °C | Package rated to 150 °C |
| Board Temperature | | | 125 | °C | UL rated max operating temp 130 °C |
| Transformer Temperature | | | 125 | °C | or raced max operating temp 150°C |
| Maximum Baseplate Temperature, Tb | | | 100 | ∘C | |
| EATURE CHARACTERISTICS | | | 100 | C | |
| | 228 | 250 | 272 | l/LI= | Tealation stage switching from is the same |
| Switching Frequency | 220 | 250 | 2/2 | kHz | Isolation stage switching freq. is the same |
| ON/OFF Control Off State Voltage | 2.4 | | 10 | W | |
| Off-State Voltage | 2.4 | | 18 | V | |
| On-State Voltage | -2 | | 0.8 | | Application notes Figures A 9 D |
| DN/OFF Control | | - | | | Application notes Figures A & B |
| Pull-Up Voltage | | 5 | | V | |
| Pull-Up Resistance | | 50 | | kΩ | Average DCD Terroresto |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown OTP Trip Point | | 125 | | °C | Average PCB Temperature |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis | | 10 | | °C | |
| RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS | | 4.51 | | 100 | 7000 |
| Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) MIL-HDBK-217F | | 1.31 | | | Tb = 70°C |
| Field Demonstrated MTBF | | ternal to the | | 10º Hrs. | See our website for details |

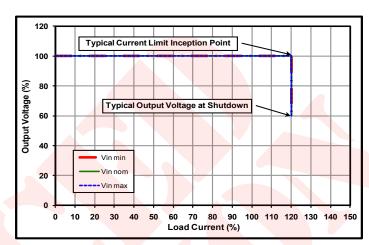
Note 1: Higher values of isolation capacitance can be added external to the module.

Note 2: See "Input System Instability" in the Application Considerations section

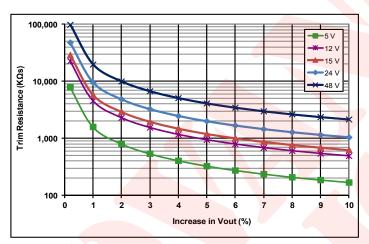




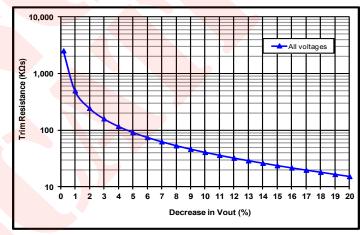
Common Figure 1: Typical startup waveform. Input voltage pre-applied, ON/OFF Pin on Ch 2.



Common Figure 2: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.



Common Figure 3: Trim graph for trim-up 5 to 48V outputs.



Common Figure 4: Trim graph for trim down.

RQ90050QTx24 Electrical Characteristics(5.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 90Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.1 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current | | 30 | 40 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 2 | 4 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.1 | | V | See Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 120 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 8 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 4.950 | 5.000 | 5.050 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -75 | | 75 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 4.875 | | 5.125 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | 0 | 60 | 120 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 15 | 30 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | | | 24 | Α | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current-Limit Inception | 26.4 | 28.1 | 29.9 | Α | Output voltage 10% Low |
| Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage | | 3.2 | | V | |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 1.1 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 15 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 8,000 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 200 | | mV | 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max |
| Settling Time | | 400 | | μs | To within 1% Vout nom |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -20 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 5.7 | 6.1 | 6.5 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100% Load | | 89 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50% Load | | 91 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| | | | | · | |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2:Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value.

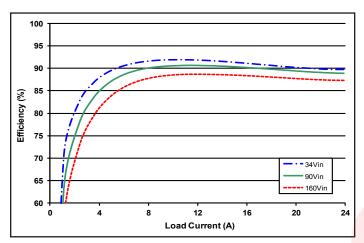


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltages at 25°C.

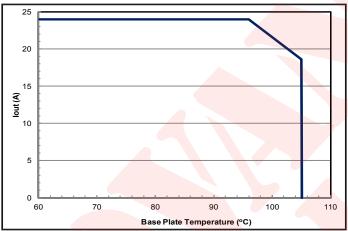


Figure 3: Encased Converter (with conductive cooling) maximum output power derating vs. base plate temperature (nominal input voltage).

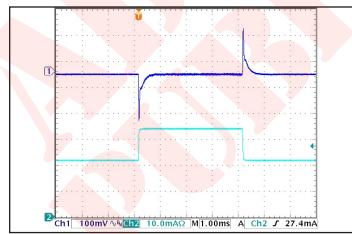


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1~A/\mu s$). Load cap: 1 μF ceramic and 15 μF tantalum capacitors. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: lout.

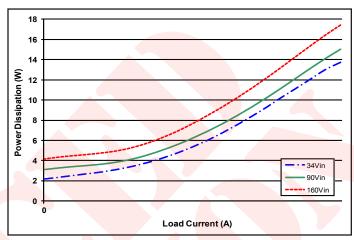


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltages at 25°C.

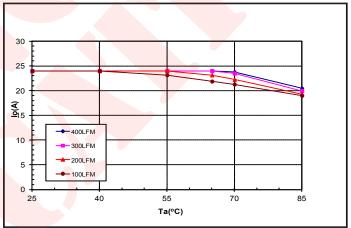


Figure 4: Encased Converter (1/2" heatsink) max. output current derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

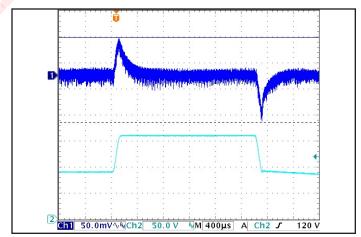


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage ($1V/\mu s$). Load cap: $1~\mu F$ ceramic and $15~\mu F$ tantalum capacitors. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.

RQ90120QTx10 Electrical Characteristics(12.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 90Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 4.6 | A | Vin min; Vout nom; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current | | 40 | 50 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 2 | 4 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.2 | | V | See Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 120 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 8 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 11.88 | 12.00 | 12.12 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -180 | | 180 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 11.70 | | 12.30 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | 0 | 70 | 140 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 15 | 30 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | | | 10 | A | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current-Limit Inception | 11.0 | 11.8 | 12.7 | Α | Output voltage 10% Low |
| Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage | | 4.9 | | V | |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 0.6 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 10 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 1,500 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 300 | | mV | 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max |
| Settling Time | | 400 | | μs | To within 1% Vout nom |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -20 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 14.1 | 14.6 | 15.1 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100% Load | | 91 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50% Load | | 92 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value.



Input:34-160V Output:12V Current:10A Part No.:RQ90120QTx10

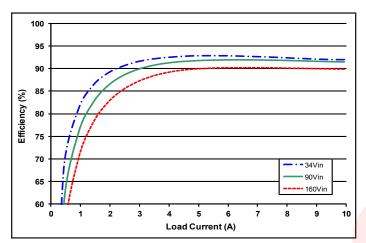


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltages at 25°C.

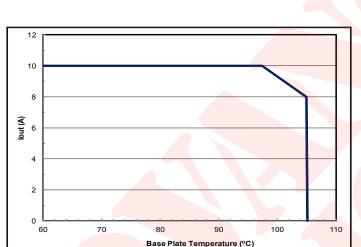


Figure 3: Encased Converter (with conductive cooling) maximum output power derating vs. base plate temperature (nominal input voltage).

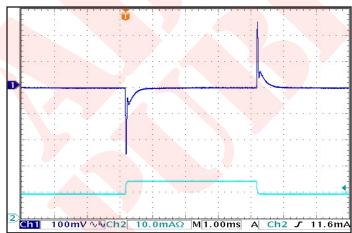


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); dI/dt = $0.1~A/\mu$ s). Load cap: $1~\mu$ F ceramic and $15~\mu$ F tantalum capacitors. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: lout.

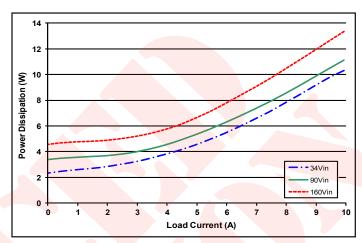


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltages at 25°C.

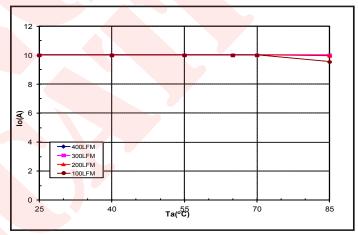


Figure 4: Encased Converter (1/2" heatsink) max. output current derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

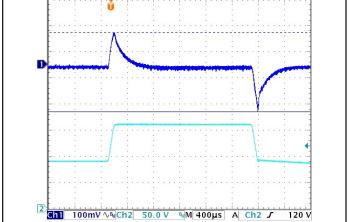


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (1V/µs). Load cap: 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF tantalum capacitors. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.

RQ90150QTx08 Electrical Characteristics(15.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 90Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.2 | Α | Vin min; Vout nom; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current | | 30 | 40 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 2 | 4 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.25 | | V | See Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 120 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 8 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 14.85 | 15.00 | 15.15 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -225 | | 225 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 14.62 | | 15.38 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | | 60 | 120 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 10 | 20 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | 0 | | 8 | A | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current-Limit Inception | 9.0 | 9.7 | 10.3 | Α | Output voltage 10% Low |
| Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage | | 4.9 | | V | |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 0.4 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 10 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 1,000 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 400 | | mV | 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max |
| Settling Time | | 400 | | μs | To within 1% Vout nom |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -20 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 16.9 | 18.2 | 19.4 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100% Load | | 91 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50% Load | | 92 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2:Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value.

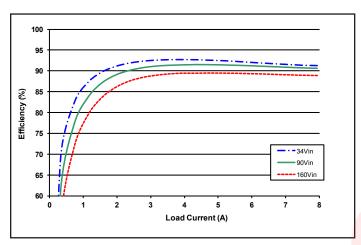


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

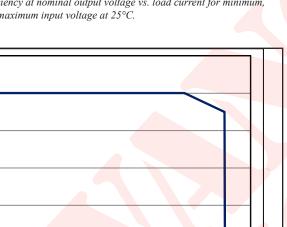


Figure 3: Encased Converter (with conductive cooling) maximum output power derating vs. base plate temperature (nominal input voltage).

Base Plate Temperature (°C)

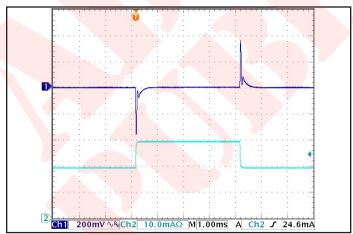


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of Iout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $1 \mu F$ ceramic and $15 \mu F$ tantalum capacitors. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout.

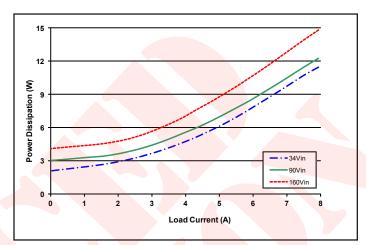


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

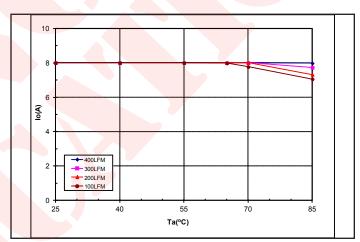


Figure 4: Encased Converter (1/2" heatsink) max. output current derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

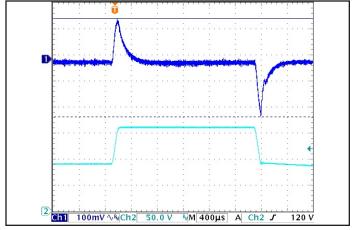


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (1V/µs). Load cap: 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF tantalum capacitors. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.

lout (A)

RQ90240QTx05 Electrical Characteristics(24.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 90Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Maximum Input Current | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| No-Load Input Current Disabled Input Current 2 4 mA Response to Input Transient 10.4 V See Figure 6 Input Transient Input Terminal Ripple Current Recommended Input Fuse 8 A Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS Output Voltage Set Point Output Voltage Regulation Over Line Over Load Over Temperature 1-360 Over Temperature 1-360 Total Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak 10 60 120 mV Peak-to-Peak 10 10 20 mV Full load RMS Output DC Current-Limit Inception Back-Drive Current-Limit Inception Back-Drive Current-Limit While Enabled Back-Drive Current-Limit While Enabled Back-Drive Current-Limit While Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage Range Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current Range Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current Range Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current Range Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Disabled Input Current Response to Input Transient Disput Terminal Ripple Current Recommended Input Fuse Recommended Input Fuse Recommended Input Fuse Recommended Input Fuse Response to Input Terminal Ripple Current Recommended Input Fuse Resommended Input Fuse Recommended Input Fuse Recommended Input Fuse Response to Input Fuse Response Response Note 2 RMS RMS Response Require Sense Range Voluput Voltage Input Fuse Recommended; see Note 2 Voluput Voltage Input Fuse Recommended; see Note 2 Voluput Voltage Input Fuse Recommended Input Fuse Recommended; see Note 2 Voluput Voltage Remote Sense Range Voluput Voltage Remote Sense Range Voluput Voltage Protection Zet. 2 4.00 Voluput Voltage Protection Zet. 2 4.00 Voluput Voltage Remote Sense Range Voluput Over-Voltage Protection Zet. 2 4.00 Volupt Voltage Remote Sense Range Voluput Voltage Remote Sense Range Voluput Over-Voltage Protection Zet. 2 4.00 Zet. | Maximum Input Current | | | 4.9 | А | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| Response to Input Transient 0.4 V See Figure 6 Input Terminal Ripple Current 120 mA RMS Recommended Input Fuse 8 A Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 Output Voltage Set Point 23.76 24.00 24.24 V Output Voltage Regulation ±0.1 ±0.3 % Over Load ±0.1 ±0.3 % Over Temperature -360 360 mV Total Output Voltage Rapge 23.40 24.60 V Over sample, line, load, temperature & life Output Voltage Ripple and Noise 24.60 V Over sample, line, load, temperature & life Operating Output Current Range 0 60 120 mV Full load Operating Output Current Range 5 A Subject to thermal derating Output DC Current-Limit Inception 5.5 5.8 6.2 A Output voltage 10% Low Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled 0.3 A Negative current drawn from output Maximum Output Capacitance 400 μF Vount nominal at full load (resistive load) Output Voltage during Load Current Transient 500 mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max Settling Time 400 μS 50 | No-Load Input Current | | 40 | 60 | mA | |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current Recommended Input Fuse Output Voltage Set Point Output Voltage Regulation Over Line Over Load Over Temperature Total Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak RMS Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak RMS Output Current Range Output Current Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Range 10 0 | Disabled Input Current | | 2 | 4 | mA | |
| Recommended Input Fuse OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS Output Voltage Set Point Over Line Over Load Over Temperature Total Output Voltage Rague Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak RMS Operating Output Current Range Output Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage Tirm Range Output Voltage Tirm Range Output Voltage Tirm Range Output Voltage Tirm Range Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Range Output Current Init Mange Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Doutput Current Limit while Disabled Doutput Current Limit While Disabled Doutput Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Protection 8 A Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 V OUTDACACA V OUTDACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACAC | Response to Input Transient | | 0.4 | | V | See Figure 6 |
| Output Voltage Set Point Over Line Over Load Over Temperature Total Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak RMS Operating Output Current Range Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Range -20 Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Output Voltage Protection 23.76 24.60 24.24 V Over sample, line, load, temperature & life 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 Full load Full load Subject to thermal derating Output voltage 13.6 V Full load Subject to thermal derating Output voltage 10% Low Output voltage 10% Low Negative current drawn from output Wout nominal at full load (resistive load) MV So% to 75% to 50% Iout max To within 1% Vout nom Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 120 | | mA | RMS |
| Output Voltage Set Point 23.76 24.00 24.24 V Output Voltage Regulation ±0.1 ±0.3 % Over Line ±0.1 ±0.3 % Over Load ±0.1 ±0.3 % Over Temperature -360 360 mV Total Output Voltage Range 23.40 24.60 V Over sample, line, load, temperature & life Output Voltage Ripple and Noise 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 Peak-to-Peak 0 60 120 mV Full load RMS 10 20 mV Full load Output DC Current Range 5.8 6.2 A Subject to thermal derating Output DC Current-Limit Inception 5.5 5.8 6.2 A Output voltage 10% Low Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage 13.6 V Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled 0.3 A Negative current drawn from output Maximum Output Capacitance 400 μF Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) Output Voltage during Load Current Transient 500 mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max Settling Time 400 μs To within 1% Vout nom Output Voltage Remote Sense Range 10 | Recommended Input Fuse | | | 8 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| Output Voltage Regulation Over Line Over Load Over Temperature Total Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak RMS Operating Output Current Range Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Settling Time Output Voltage Range -20 0utput DC Current Range -20 0utput DC Current Limit while Disabled DC Dutput DC Current Limit while Disabled DC Dutput Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Sete Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Range -20 0utput Voltage Range -20 0utput Voltage Range -20 0utput Over-Voltage Protection -360 24.60 V Over sample, line, load, temperature & life 20 Mtz bandwidth; see Note 1 Pull load Ney Full load Subject to thermal derating Output voltage 10% Low Output voltage 10% Low Output voltage 10% Low Negative current drawn from output Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Settling Time -20 0utput Voltage Trim Range -20 0utput Voltage Remote Sense Range -20 0utput Voltage Remote Sense Range -20 0utput Over-Voltage Protection -360 -400 -400 -400 -400 -400 -400 -400 -4 | OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Over Line Over Load Over Temperature Over Safe Over Temperature Over Safe Over Temperature Over Safe Over Temperature Over Safe Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Hull load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Hull load Over Hull load Over Full load Over Full load Over Hull load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Hull load Over Hull load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Hull load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Hull load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Hull load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Hull load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Hull load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Sample, line, load temperature & life Over Sample, line, load temperature to MHz Balance Over Sample, line, load Over Sample, line, load temperature to MHz | Output Voltage Set Point | 23.76 | 24.00 | 24.24 | V | |
| Over Load Over Temperature Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Full load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Full load Over Sample, line, load, temperature & life Over Sample Sample & load Over Subject to thermal derating Over Subject to thermal derat | Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Temperature -360 360 mV Total Output Voltage Range 23.40 24.60 V Over sample, line, load, temperature & life Output Voltage Ripple and Noise 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 Peak-to-Peak 0 60 120 mV Full load RMS 10 20 mV Full load Operating Output Current Range 5 A Subject to thermal derating Output DC Current-Limit Inception 5.5 5.8 6.2 A Output voltage 10% Low Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage 13.6 V Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled 10 mA Negative current drawn from output Maximum Output Capacitance 400 µF Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) Output Voltage during Load Current Transient See Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) 500 mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max Settling Time 400 µs To within 1% Vout nom Output Voltage Remote Sense Range 10 % Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Output Over-Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Total Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak RMS Output Current Range Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Range 23.40 V Over sample, line, load, temperature & life 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 Full load Full load Subject to thermal derating Output voltage 10% Low Output voltage 10% Low Negative current drawn from output Negative current drawn from output Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) To within 1% Vout nom Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over sample, line, load, temperature & life 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 Full load Full load Output voltage 10% Low Output Negative current drawn from output Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) To within 1% Vout nom Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Across Pins 8&4 Over full temp range | Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak RMS Output Current Range Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection Output Over-Voltage Protection Output Over-Voltage Protection Output Over-Voltage Maximum Output Current Output Over-Voltage A Common Figures 3-5 Output Over-Voltage Protection Output Current Q | Over Temperature | -360 | | 360 | mV | |
| Peak-to-Peak RMS060120mVFull loadOperating Output Current Range5ASubject to thermal deratingOutput DC Current-Limit Inception5.55.86.2AOutput voltage 10% LowOutput DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage13.6VBack-Drive Current Limit while Enabled0.3ANegative current drawn from outputBack-Drive Current Limit while Disabled10mANegative current drawn from outputMaximum Output Capacitance400μFVout nominal at full load (resistive load)Output Voltage during Load Current Transient500mV50% to 75% to 50% Iout maxSettling Time400μsTo within 1% Vout nomOutput Voltage Trim Range-2010%Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5Output Voltage Remote Sense Range10%Across Pins 8&4Output Over-Voltage Protection27.229.231.2VOver full temp range | Total Output Voltage Range | 23.40 | | 24.60 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| RMS Operating Output Current Range Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection 10 20 mV Full load Subject to thermal derating Output voltage 10% Low Output voltage 10% Low Negative current drawn from output Negative current drawn from output Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) mA Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max To within 1% Vout nom Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Output Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 |
| Operating Output Current Range Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection 5.8 6.2 A Output voltage 10% Low Negative current drawn from output MAX Negative current drawn from output Wout nominal at full load (resistive load) MV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max To within 1% Vout nom Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Output Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | Peak-to-Peak | 0 | 60 | 120 | mV | Full load |
| Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection 5.5 5.8 6.2 A Output voltage 10% Low Negative current drawn from output Maximum Output Current drawn from output Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max To within 1% Vout nom Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Output Over-Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | RMS | | 10 | 20 | mV | Full load |
| Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection 13.6 V A Negative current drawn from output Maximum Output Curr | Operating Output Current Range | | | 5 | А | Subject to thermal derating |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Output Over-Voltage Protection Output Over-Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | Output DC Current-Limit Inception | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.2 | Α | Output voltage 10% Low |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled Maximum Output Capacitance Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection 10 mA Negative current drawn from output Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max To within 1% Vout nom Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Maximum Output Voltage Protection 10 Maximum Output Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max To within 1% Vout nom Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 V Over full temp range | Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage | | 13.6 | | V | |
| Maximum Output Capacitance400μFVout nominal at full load (resistive load)Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/μs)500mV50% to 75% to 50% Iout maxSettling Time400μsTo within 1% Vout nomOutput Voltage Trim Range-2010% Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5Output Voltage Remote Sense Range10% Across Pins 8&4Output Over-Voltage Protection27.229.231.2VOver full temp range | Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 0.3 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Output Over-Voltage Protection Solve to 75% to 50% Iout max To within 1% Vout nom Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Across Pins 8&4 Over full temp range | Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 10 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) Settling Time Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection 500 mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max To within 1% Vout nom Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 0 K Across Pins 8&4 V Over full temp range | Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 400 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Settling Time 400 µs To within 1% Vout nom Output Voltage Trim Range -20 10 % Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Output Voltage Remote Sense Range 10 % Across Pins 8&4 Output Over-Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Trim Range -20 10 % Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 Output Voltage Remote Sense Range 10 % Across Pins 8&4 Output Over-Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 500 | | mV | 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range 10 % Across Pins 8&4 Output Over-Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | Settling Time | | 400 | | μs | To within 1% Vout nom |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection 27.2 29.2 31.2 V Over full temp range | Output Voltage Trim Range | -20 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 |
| | Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4 |
| EFFICIENCY CONTROL CON | Output Over-Voltage Protection | 27.2 | 29.2 | 31.2 | V | Over full temp range |
| | EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100% Load 91 % See Figure 1 for efficiency curve | 100% Load | | 91 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50% Load 90 % See Figure 1 for efficiency curve | 50% Load | | 90 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value.

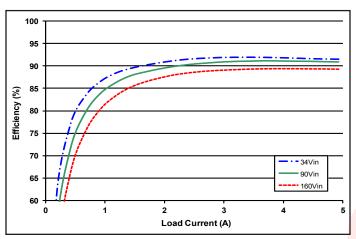


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltages at 25°C.

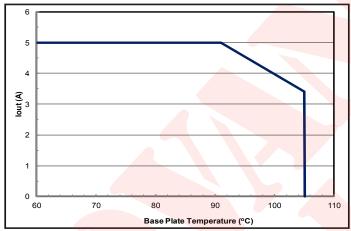


Figure 3: Encased Converter (with conductive cooling) maximum output power derating vs. base plate temperature (nominal input voltage).

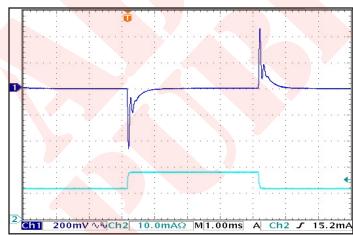


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); dI/dt = 0.1 A/µs). Load cap: 1 µF ceramic capacitor. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout

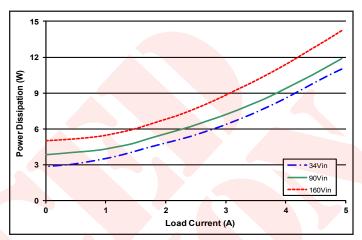


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltages at 25°C.

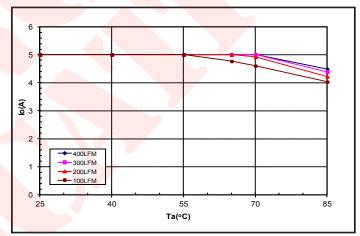


Figure 4: Encased Converter (1/2" heatsink) max. output current derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

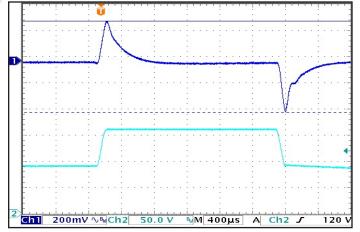


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (1V/ms). Load cap: 1 µF ceramic capacitor. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.

RQ90480QTx03 Electrical Characteristics(48.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 90Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes & Conditions |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Current | | | 5.6 | Α | Vin min; trim up; in current limit |
| No-Load Input Current | | 60 | 80 | mA | |
| Disabled Input Current | | 2 | 4 | mA | |
| Response to Input Transient | | 0.7 | | V | See Figure 6 |
| Input Terminal Ripple Current | | 140 | | mA | RMS |
| Recommended Input Fuse | | | 8 | Α | Fast acting fuse recommended; see Note 2 |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | 47.52 | 48.00 | 48.48 | V | |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | | | |
| Over Line | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Load | | ±0.1 | ±0.3 | % | |
| Over Temperature | -720 | | 720 | mV | |
| Total Output Voltage Range | 46.80 | | 49.20 | V | Over sample, line, load, temperature & life |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | | | | | 20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1 |
| Peak-to-Peak | 0 | 80 | 160 | mV | Full load |
| RMS | | 10 | 20 | mV | Full load |
| Operating Output Current Range | | | 2.5 | А | Subject to thermal derating |
| Output DC Current-Limit Inception | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.4 | Α | Output voltage 10% Low |
| Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage | | 27.3 | | V | |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled | | 0.15 | | Α | Negative current drawn from output |
| Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled | | 10 | | mA | Negative current drawn from output |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | | | 100 | μF | Vout nominal at full load (resistive load) |
| Output Voltage during Load Current Transient | | | | | |
| Step Change in Output Current (0.1 A/µs) | | 950 | | mV | 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max |
| Settling Time | | 400 | | μs | To within 1% Vout nom |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | -20 | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5 |
| Output Voltage Remote Sense Range | | | 10 | % | Across Pins 8&4 |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | 54.6 | 58.6 | 62.8 | V | Over full temp range |
| EFFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100% Load | | 89 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| 50% Load | | 89 | | % | See Figure 1 for efficiency curve |
| | | | | | |

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Safety certification requires the use of a fuse rated at or below this value.



Output:48V Current:2.5A

Part No.: RQ90480QTx03

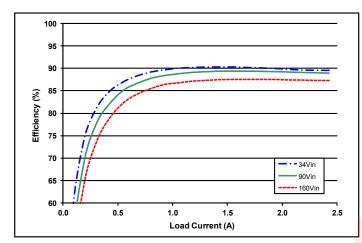


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltages at 25°C.

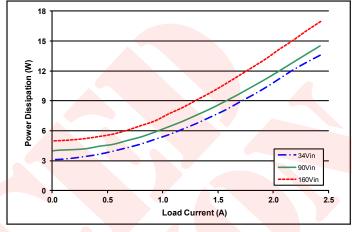


Figure 2: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltages at 25°C.

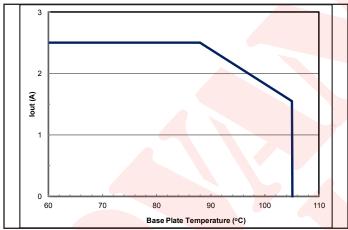


Figure 3: Encased Converter (with conductive cooling) maximum output power derating vs. base plate temperature (nominal input voltage).

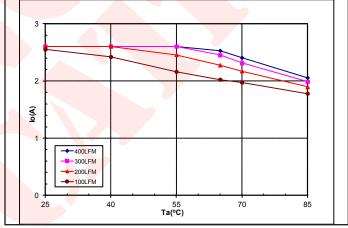


Figure 4: Encased Converter (1/2" heatsink) max. output current derating vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 100 LFM through 400 LFM. Air flows across the converter from pin 3 to pin 1 (nominal input voltage).

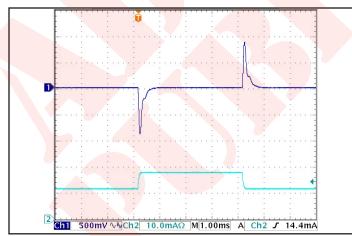


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); dI/dt = 0.1 A/µs). Load cap: 1 µF ceramic capacitor. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Iout.

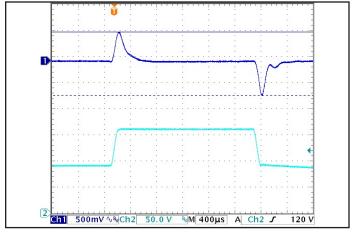


Figure 6: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (1V/ms). Load cap: $1 \mu F$ ceramic capacitor. Ch 1: Vout, Ch 2: Vin.

BASIC OPERATION AND FEATURES

This converter series uses a two-stage power conversion topology. The first stage is a buck-converter that keeps the output voltage constant over variations in line, load, and temperature. The second stage uses a transformer to provide the functions of input/output isolation and voltage step-up or step-down to achieve the output voltage required.

Both the first stage and the second stage switch at a fixed frequency for predictable EMI performance. Rectification of the transformer's output is accomplished with synchronous rectifiers. These devices, which are MOSFETs with a very low on-state resistance, dissipate far less energy than Schottky diodes. This is the primary reason that the converter has such high efficiency, even at very low output voltages and very high output currents.

These converters are offered totally encased to withstand harsh environments and thermally demanding applications. Conductive cooling design can be used with heat sink or cold plate cooling systems. Full power is available with baseplate temperature up to 100°C.

This series of converters use the industry standard footprint and pin-out configuration.

CONTROL FEATURES

REMOTE ON/OFF (Pin 2): The ON/OFF input, Pin 2, permits the user to control when the converter is on or off. This input is referenced to the return terminal of the input bus, Vin(-).

The ON/OFF signal is active low (meaning that a low voltage turns the converter on). Figure A details four possible circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin.

REMOTE SENSE(±) (Pins 7 and 5): The SENSE(±) inputs correct for voltage drops along the conductors that connect the converter's output pins to the load.

Pin 7 should be connected to Vout(+) and Pin 5 should be connected to Vout(-) at the point on the board where regulation is desired. A remote connection at the load can adjust for a voltage drop only as large as that specified in this datasheet, that is

Pins 7 and 5 must be connected for proper regulation of the output voltage. If these connections are not made, the converter will deliver an output voltage that is slightly higher than its specified value.

Note: The output over-voltage protection circuit senses the voltage across the output (pins 8 and 4) to determine when it should trigger, not the voltage across the converter's sense leads (pins 7 and 5). Therefore, the resistive drop on the board should be small enough so that output OVP does not trigger, even during load transients.

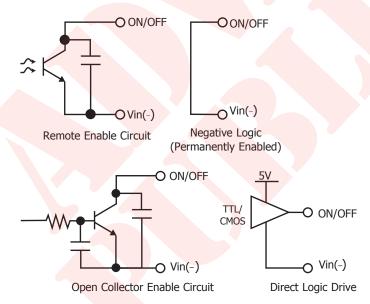


Figure A: Various circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin.

Product # RQ90xxxQTXxx

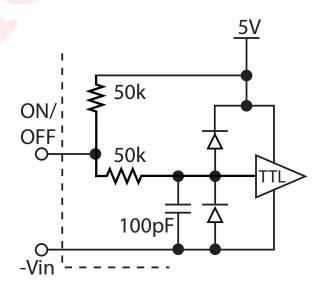


Figure B: Internal ON/OFF pin circuitry

OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM (Pin 6): The TRIM input permits the user to adjust the output voltage across the sense leads up or down according to the trim range specifications.

To decrease the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 5 (SENSE(-) input). For a desired decrease of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be:

Rtrim-down =
$$\left(\frac{511}{\Delta\%}\right)$$
 - 10.22 [k Ω]

where

$$\Delta\% = \left[\begin{array}{c} Vnominal - Vdesired \\ Vnominal \end{array} \right] \times 100\%$$

To increase the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 7 (SENSE(+) input). For a desired increase of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be:

Rtrim-up =
$$\left(\frac{5.11 \text{Vout x} (100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225 \Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22\right)$$
 [k\Omega]

Trim graphs show the relationship between the trim resistor value and Rtrim-up and Rtrim-down, showing the total range the output voltage can be trimmed up or down.

Note: The TRIM feature does not affect the voltage at which the output over-voltage protection circuit is triggered. Trimming the output voltage too high may cause the over-voltage protection circuit to engage, particularly during transients.

It is not necessary for the user to add capacitance at the Trim pin. The node is internally filtered to eliminate noise.

Total DC Variation of Vout: For the converter to meet its full specifications, the maximum variation of the DC value of Vout, due to both trimming and remote load voltage drops, should not be greater than that specified for the output voltage trim range.

Protection Features

Input Under-Voltage Lockout: The converter is designed to turn off when the input voltage is too low, helping to avoid an input system instability problem, which is described in more detail in the application note titled "Input System Instability" on www.syngor.com. The lockout circuitry is a comparator with DC hysteresis. When the input voltage is rising, it must exceed the typical "Turn-On Voltage Threshold" value* before the converter will turn on. Once the converter is on, the input voltage must fall below the typical Turn-Off Voltage Threshold value before the converter will turn off.

Output Current Limit: The maximum current limit remains constant as the output voltage drops. However, once the impedance of the load across the output is small enough to make the output voltage drop below the specified Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage, the converter turns off.

The converter then enters a "hiccup mode" where it repeatedly turns on and off at a 5 Hz (nominal) frequency with a 5% duty cycle until the short circuit condition is removed. This prevents excessive heating of the converter or the load board.

Output Over-Voltage Limit: If the voltage across the output pins exceeds the Output Over-Voltage Protection threshold, the converter will immediately stop switching. This prevents damage to the load circuit due to 1) excessive series resistance in output current path from converter output pins to sense point, 2) a release of a short-circuit condition, or 3) a release of a current limit condition. Load capacitance determines exactly how high the output voltage will rise in response to these conditions. After 200 ms the converter will automatically restart.

Over-Temperature Shutdown: A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. The thermal shutdown circuit is designed to turn the converter off when the temperature at the sensed location reaches the "Over-Temperature Shutdown" value*. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the amount of the "Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis" value*.

Transient and Surge Protection: The wide input range of the RailQor line of converters covers all transient requirements of EN 50155. For short duration transients and surges found in other standards (such as RIA 12) that exceed the maximum input voltage rating of the converter, SynQor has provided a design guide for a transient suppression circuit. Please consult the application note "RailQor EN 50155 / RIA-12 Compliance & Evaluation Board Application Note" on our website www.syngor.com.

* See Electrical Characteristics page.

APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Input System Instability: This condition can occur because any DC-DC converter appears incrementally as a negative resistance load. A detailed application note titled "Input System Instability" is available on the SynOor website which provides an understanding of why this instability arises, and shows the preferred solution for correcting it.

Application Circuits: Figure C below provides a typical circuit diagram which details the input filtering and voltage trimming.

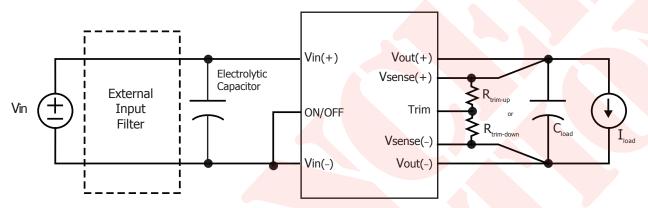


Figure C: Typical application circuit (negative logic unit, permanently enabled).

Input Filtering and External Input Capacitance: Figure D below shows the internal input filter components. This filter dramatically reduces input terminal ripple current, which otherwise could exceed the rating of an external electrolytic input capacitor.

The recommended external input capacitance is specified in the Input Characteristics section on the Electrical Specifications page. More detailed information is available in the application note titled "EMI Characteristics" on the SynQor website.

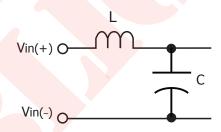


Figure D: Internal Input and Output Filter Diagram (component values listed on specifications page).

Startup Inhibit Period: The Startup Inhibit Period ensures that the converter will remain off for approximately 200 ms when it is shut down for any reason. When an output short is present, this generates a 5 Hz "hiccup mode," which prevents the converter from overheating. In all, there are six ways that the converter can be shut down, initiating a Startup Inhibit

- Input Under-Voltage Lockout
- Output Over-Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- Current Limit
- Short Circuit Protection
- Turned off by the ON/OFF input

Figure E shows three turn-on scenarios, where a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated at t₀, t₁, and t₂:

Before time t_o, when the input voltage is below the UVL threshold, the unit is disabled by the Input Under-Voltage Lockout feature. When the input voltage rises above the UVL threshold, the Input Under-Voltage Lockout is released, and a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated. At the end of this delay, the ON/OFF pin is evaluated, and since it is active, the unit

At time t₁, the unit is disabled by the ON/OFF pin, and it cannot be enabled again until the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed.

When the ON/OFF pin goes high after t₂, the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed, and the output turns on within the typical Turn-On Time.

Thermal Considerations: The maximum operating baseplate temperature, T_R, is 100 °C. As long as the user's thermal system keeps T_R < 100 °C, the converter can deliver its full rated power.

A power derating curve can be calculated for any heatsink that is attached to the baseplate of the converter. It is only necessary to determine the thermal resistance, $R_{\text{TH-BA}}$, of the chosen heatsink between the baseplate and the ambient air for a given airflow rate. This information is usually available from the heatsink vendor. The following formula can the be used to determine the maximum power the converter can dissipate for a given thermal condition if its baseplate is to be no higher than 100 °C.

$$P_{\text{diss}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{100 \text{ °C - TA}}{R_{\text{TH-RA}}}$$

This value of power dissipation can then be used in conjunction with the data shown in Figure 2 to determine the maximum load current (and power) that the converter can deliver in the given thermal condition.

For convenience, power derating curves for an encased converter without a heatsink are provided for each output voltage.

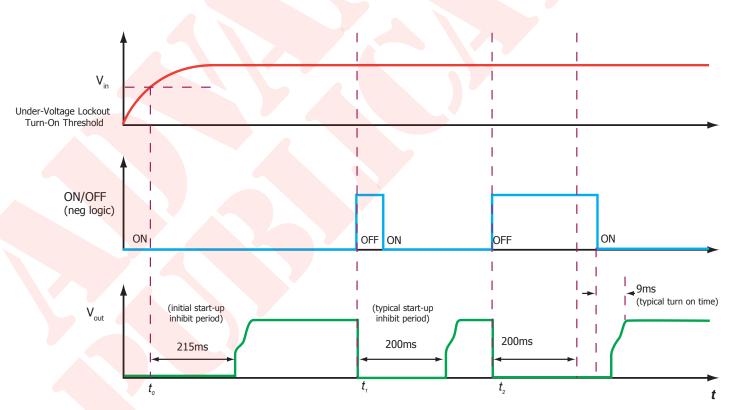


Figure E: Startup Inhibit Period (turn-on time not to scale)

Designing for Maximizing Available Power: RailQor products have been designed for full power operation in demanding thermal environments. However, there are techniques that can be applied external to the converter to ensure the best possible thermal performance. These include correctly applying a heatsink to the baseplate of the converter and maximizing the heat transferred through the pins. The following discussions are only guidelines and may not be necessary depending on the application

Optimal Heatsink Application: There are two key components to maximizing the thermal dissipation when using a heatsink. One is minimizing the thermal resistance between the converter and the heatsink itself. There are imperfections between the mating surfaces that reduce contact area between the two. A suitable thermally conductive interface material should be used to maintain a good thermal connection. A commonly used example is thermal grease. When utilizing the threaded inserts on the baseplate of a SynQor converter, care must be taken not to exceed the torque or screw depth guidelines found in the mechanical diagram. Two, airflow must be directed to pass between the fins of the heatsink to maximize the surface area for heat removal.

Heatsinks are often available with both transverse and longitudinal fin direction to allow system flexibility. Care should be taken to avoid large external components surrounding the converter from blocking airflow.

Layout Considerations: Significant performance improvement can be made by designing a printed circuit board to properly sink heat away from the converter through its pins. The first step is to ensure a correctly formed solder joint at each pin. A smooth fillet and complete barrel fill should be observed at the boundary of pin and mounting hole to ensure maximum heat conduction from pin to board (Figure F). It is worth noting here that encased SynQor products are not compatible with reflow processes as it may disrupt the placement of internal components.

The board itself should also have as many layers and as high of copper weight as is practical for the application. Large ground and power planes are best as the most heat will be conducted through the large power pins of the converter on both input and output sides. The heat must also have a path to conduct from the copper planes of the board to the outside environment. The typical FR4 material used in construction of a printed circuit board is greater than 1000 times less thermally conductive than copper and will act as an insulator between each copper plane. To mitigate this, generous use of thermal vias is recommended in the board area surrounding and below the converter. A proper density of vias allows heat to conduct from the board to the air while maintaining a large amount of copper area to conduct to the vias. For reference, boards used in SynQor thermal testing are 6 layer, 2 oz. copper boards with 50 mil diameter thermal vias at a density of 36/in² (Figure G).

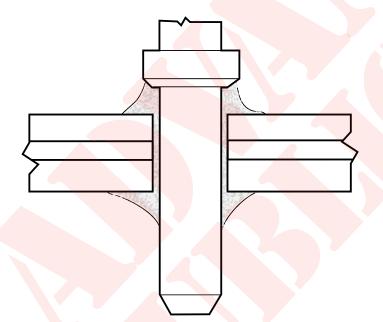


Figure F: Example of properly soldered pin joint

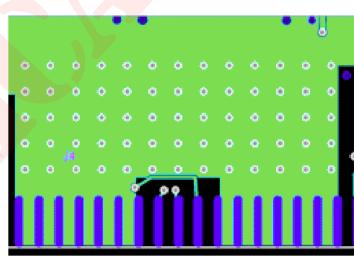
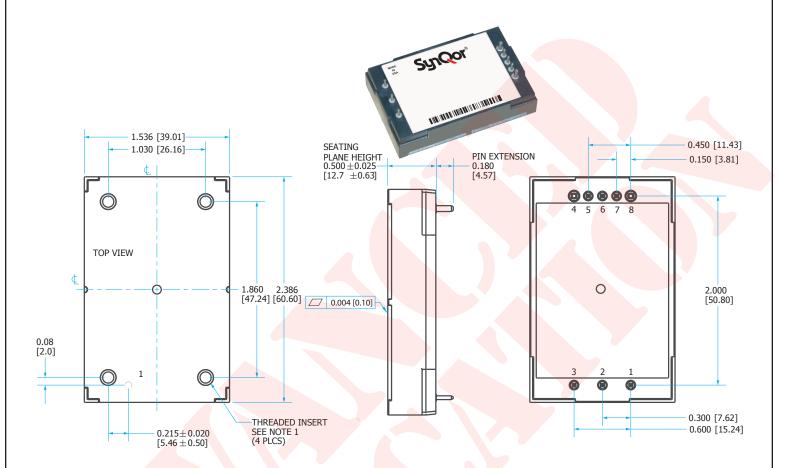


Figure G: Image of thermal via layout surrounding converter in test board



NOTES

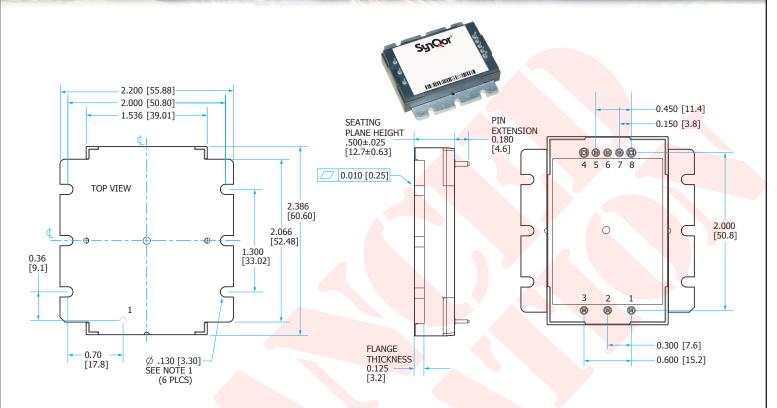
- 1) APPLIED TORQUE SHOULD NOT EXCEED 6in-lb (0.7Nm). M3 SCREW SHOULD NOT EXCEED 0.100" (2.54mm) DEPTH BELOW THE SURFACE OF THE BASEPLATE.
- 2) BASEPLATE FLATNESS TOLERANCE IS 0.004" (.10mm)
- 3) PINS 1-3. 5-7 ARE 0.040" (1.02mm) DIA. WITH 0.080"
- (2.03mm) DIA. STANDOFFS. 4) PINS 4 AND 8 ARE 0.062" (1.57mm) DIA. WITH 0.100" (2.54mm) DIA STANDOFFS
- 5) ALL PINS: MATERIAL: COPPER ALLOY FINISH: MATTE TIN OVER NICKEL PLATE
- 6) WEIGHT: 2.9 oz. (84g)
- 7) ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES(mm) TOLERANCES: X.XXIN +/-0.02 (X.Xmm +/-0.5mm) X.XXXIN + -0.010 (X.XXmm + -0.25mm)

PIN DESIGNATIONS

| Pin | Name | Function |
|-----|----------|--|
| 1 | Vin(+) | Positive input voltage |
| 2 | ON/OFF | TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(–), with internal pull up. |
| 3 | Vin(-) | Negative input voltage |
| 4 | Vout(-) | Negative output voltage |
| 5 | SENSE(-) | Negative remote sense (See note 1) |
| 6 | TRIM | Output voltage trim (See note 2) |
| 7 | SENSE(+) | Positive remote sense (See note 3) |
| 8 | Vout(+) | Positive output voltage |

Notes:

- SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely 1) or at the converter.
- 2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.
- 3) SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the converter.



NOTES

- 1) APPLIED TORQUE SHOULD NOT EXCEED 6in-lb (0.7Nm)
- BASEPLATE FLATNESS TOLERANCE IS 0.010" (.25mm) TIR FOR SURFACE.
- PINS 1-3. 5-7 ARE 0.040" (1.02mm) DIA. WITH 0.080" (2.03mm) DIA. STANDOFFS.
- PINS 1-3. 5-7 ARE 0.040" (1.02mm) DIA. WITH 0.080" (2.03mm) DIA. STANDOFFS.
- 5) PINS 4 AND 8 ARE 0.062" (1.57mm) DIA. WITH 0.100" (2.54mm) DIA STANDOFFS
- ALL PINS: MATERIAL: COPPER ALLOY FINISH: MATTE TIN OVER NICKEL PLATE
- WEIGHT: 3.2 oz (90 g)
- 8) ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES(mm) TOLERANCES: X.XXIN +/-0.02 (X.Xmm +/-0.5mm) X.XXXIN +/-0.010 (X.XXmm +/-0.25mm)

PIN DESIGNATIONS

| 1 IN DESIGNATIONS | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Pin | Name | Function | | | | | |
| 1 | Vin(+) | Positive input voltage | | | | | |
| 2 | ON/OFF | TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(–), with internal pull up. | | | | | |
| 3 | Vin(-) | Negative input voltage | | | | | |
| 4 | Vout(-) | Negative output voltage | | | | | |
| 5 | SENSE(-) | Negative remote sense (See note 1) | | | | | |
| 6 | TRIM | Output voltage trim (See note 2) | | | | | |
| 7 | SENSE(+) | Positive remote sense (See note 3) | | | | | |
| 8 | Vout(+) | Positive output voltage | | | | | |

Notes:

- SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely 1) or at the converter.
- 2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.
- 3) SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the converter.



STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

| Parameter | Notes & Conditions | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--|
| STANDARDS COMPLIANCE | | Pending | |
| EN 60950-1 | Reinforced insulation | | |
| UL 60950-1 | | | |
| CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 | | | |

Note: An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements. Contact SynQor for official safety certificates on new releases or download from the SynQor website.

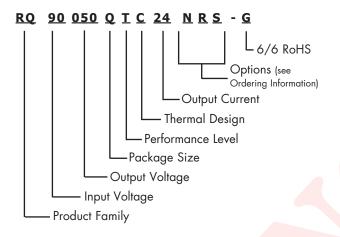
QUALIFICATION TESTING

| Parameter | # Units | Test Conditions |
|-----------------------|---------|---|
| QUALIFICATION TESTING | | |
| Vibration | 5 | EN 61373:1999 Category I, Class B, Body mounted |
| Life Test | 30 | 95% rated Vin and load, units at derating point, 1000 hours |
| Cold | 5 | EN 60068-2-1:2007 |
| Dry Heat | 5 | EN 60068-2-2:2007 |
| Mechanical Shock | 5 | EN 61373:1999 Category I, Class B, Body mounted |
| Temperature Cycling | 5 | -40 °C to 100 °C, unit temp. ramp 15 °C/min., 500 cycles |
| Power/Thermal Cycling | 5 | Toperating = min to max, Vin = min to max, full load, 100 cycles |
| Design Marginality | 5 | Tmin-10 °C to Tmax+10 °C, 5 °C steps, Vin = min to max, 0-105% load |
| Damp Heat, Cyclic | 5 | EN 60068-2-30:2005 |
| Solderability | 15 pins | MIL-STD-883, method 2003.8 |

Note: Governing Standard BS EN 50155:2007 Railway applications - Electronic equipment used on rolling stock

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

The part numbering system for SynQor's dc-dc converters follows the format shown in the example below.



The first 12 characters comprise the base part number and the last 3 characters indicate available options. The "-G" suffix indicates 6/6 RoHS compliance.

Application Notes

A variety of application notes and technical white papers can be downloaded in pdf format from our website.

RoHS Compliance: The EU led RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Directive bans the use of Lead, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Mercury, Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB), and Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment. This SynQor product is 6/6 RoHS compliant. For more information please refer to SynQor's RoHS addendum available at our RoHS Compliance / Lead Free Initiative web page or e-mail us at rohs@synqor.com.

ORDERING INFORMATION

The tables below show the valid model numbers and ordering options for converters in this product family. When ordering SynQor converters, please ensure that you use the complete 15 character part number consisting of the 12 character base part number and the additional characters for options. Add "-G" to the model number for 6/6 RoHS compliance.

| Model Number | Input Voltage | Output Voltage | Max Output Current |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| RQ90050QTw24xyz-G | 34-160V | 5.0V | 24A |
| RQ90120QTw10xys-G | 34-160V | 12V | 10A |
| RQ90150QTw08xyz-G | 34-160V | 15V | 8A |
| RQ90240QTw05xyz-G | 34-160V | 24V | 5A |
| RQ90480QTw03xyz-G | 34-160V | 48V | 2.5A |

The following options must be included in place of the **w** x y z spaces in the model numbers listed above. Not all combinations make valid part numbers, please contact SynQor for availability.

| | Options Description | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Thermal Design | Enable Logic | Pin Style | Feature Set | | | | |
| | C - Encased | | | | | | | |
| 1 | V - Encased with Flanged | N - Negative | R - 0.180" | S - Standard | | | | |
| l | Baseplate | | | | | | | |

Contact SynQor for further information and to order:

Phone: 978-849-0600
Toll Free: 888-567-9596
Fax: 978-849-0602

E-mail: power@synqor.com **Web**: www.synqor.com **Address**: 155 Swanson Road

Boxborough, MA 01719

USA

PATENTS

SynQor holds numerous U.S. patents, one or more of which apply to most of its power conversion products. Any that apply to the product(s) listed in this document are identified by markings on the product(s) or on internal components of the product(s) in accordance with U.S. patent laws. SynQor's patents include the following:

| 5,999,417 | 6,222,742 | 6,545,890 | 6,594,159 | 6,894,468 | 6,896,526 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 6,927,987 | 7,050,309 | 7,072,190 | 7,085,146 | 7,119,524 | 7,269,034 |
| 7,272,021 | 7,272,023 | 7,558,083 | 7,564,702 | 7,765,687 | 7,787,261 |
| 8.023.290 | 8.149.597 | 8,493,751 | 8,644,027 | 9,143,042 | |

WARRANTY

SynQor offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our website or is available upon request from SynQor.